Name - _____

1.) Solve for the number of grams of oxygen needed to burn 1.06 moles of methane, CH₄, to produce carbon dioxide and water.

2.) A camping Lantern uses the reaction of calcium carbide, CaC₂, and water to produce acetylene gas, C₂H₂, and calcium hydroxide. How many grams of water are required to produce 1.55 moles of acetylene gas?

3.) When 7.52 g of lead (II) carbonate are reacted with 27.5 ml of 3.00 M nitric acid, what mass of lead (II) nitrate will be formed?

4a.) For the reaction of zinc metal and hydrochloric acid, how many moles of hydrochloric acid are needed to completely react with 12.35 g of zinc?

- b.) What volume of 3.00 M hydrochloric acid is required to react with 12.35 g of zinc?
- c.) How many moles of hydrogen are produced when 12.35 g of zinc are reacted with the correct amount of hydrochloric acid?

5a.) If 10.45 g of aluminum are reacted with 66.55 g of copper (II) sulphate, which reactant is in excess?

After many years of marital bliss, tension enters the Kent household.

- b.) Calculate the mass of the excess reactant.
- c.) Calculate the mass of each product.

6.) If 111.7 g of iron (II) and 212.7 g of chlorine gas completely react, how many grams of product are formed?

7.) If you mix 15.50 g of lead (II) nitrate and 3.81 g of sodium chloride, what mass of each product is produced?

8.) 2.0 L of 0.60 M FeCl₃ solution are mixed with 1.0 L of 0.90 M BaCl₂ solution. No reaction occurs. What is the concentration of each compound in the final solution?