## Percentage Yield

Name - \_\_\_\_\_

1.) The roasting of siderite ore, FeCO<sub>3</sub>, produces iron (III) oxide in the reaction below.

 $4 \operatorname{FeCO}_3 + \operatorname{O}_2 \rightarrow 2 \operatorname{Fe}_2\operatorname{O}_3 + 4 \operatorname{CO}_2$ 

A 35.0 g sample of siderite ore produces 22.5 g of  $Fe_2O_3$ . What is the percentage yield of the reaction?

- 2.) The reaction  $SiO_2 + 4 HF \rightarrow SiF_4 + 2 H_2O$  produces 2.50 g of  $H_2O$  when 12.20 g of  $SiO_2$  is treated with an excess of HF.
  - a.) What mass of SiF4 is formed?

b.) What mass of SiO<sub>2</sub> is left unreacted?

c.) What is the percentage yield of SiF4?

3.) When 5.00 kg of malachite ore containing 4.30% of malachite,  $Cu_2(OH)_2CO_3$ , is heated, the product is copper (II) oxide.  $Cu_2(OH)_2CO_3 \rightarrow CO_2 + 2 CuO + H_2O$ 

If the reaction has an 84.0% yield, how many grams of CuO are produced?

4.) A mine produces a silver ore named argentite, Ag<sub>2</sub>S. The ore is smelted according to the overall

reaction  $Ag_2S + C + 2O_2 \rightarrow 2Ag + CO_2 + SO_2$ 

A sample of pure  $Ag_2S$  has a mass of 152.6 g. When smelted, the sample produces 117.4 g of pure silver. What is the percentage yield of the smelting process?



c.) 34.3% 3.) 130. g CuO

Answers - 1.) 93.4%

2a.) 7.23 g SiF<sub>4</sub> b.) 8.03 g SiO<sub>2</sub>