

MOLARITY BY DILUTION

Name _____

Acids are usually acquired from chemical supply houses in concentrated form. These acids are diluted to the desired concentration by adding water. Since moles of acid before dilution = moles of acid after dilution, and moles of acid = $M \times V$ then, $M_1 \times V_1 = M_2 \times V_2$. Solve the following problems.

1. How much concentrated 18 M sulfuric acid is needed to prepare 250 mL of a 6.0 M solution?

2. How much concentrated 12 M hydrochloric acid is needed to prepare 100 mL of a 2.0 M solution?

3. To what volume should 25 mL of 15 M nitric acid be diluted to prepare a 3.0 M solution?

4. To how much water should 50. mL of 12 M hydrochloric acid be added to produce a 4.0 M solution?

5. To how much water should 100. mL of 18 M sulfuric acid be added to prepare a 1.5 M solution?
