

Mole Calculations Continued . . .

Name - \_\_\_\_\_

6.) Calculate the number of moles contained in the following.

a.) 10.6 L of  $SO_2$  (g) at STP

$$10.6 \text{ L } SO_2 \times \frac{1 \text{ mol } SO_2}{22.4 \text{ L } SO_2} = 0.473 \text{ mol } SO_2$$

e.) 0.950 kg of NaOH

$$950 \text{ g } NaOH \times \frac{1 \text{ mol } NaOH}{40.00 \text{ g } NaOH} = 23.8 \text{ mol } NaOH$$

b.)  $7.50 \times 10^{21}$  molecules of  $HNO_3$ 

$$7.50 \times 10^{21} \text{ molec } HNO_3 \times \frac{1 \text{ mol } HNO_3}{6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ molec } HNO_3} =$$

$$0.0125 \text{ mol } HNO_3$$

f.) 25.0 mL of  $N_2$  (g) at STP

$$0.0250 \text{ L } N_2 \times \frac{1 \text{ mol } N_2}{22.4 \text{ L } N_2} = 0.00112 \text{ mol } N_2$$

c.) 425 mg of  $Ca(OH)_2$ 

$$0.425 \text{ g } Ca(OH)_2 \times \frac{1 \text{ mol } Ca(OH)_2}{74.1 \text{ g } Ca(OH)_2} =$$

$$0.00574 \text{ mol } Ca(OH)_2$$

g.)  $5.50 \times 10^{25}$  molecules of  $CCl_4$ 

$$5.50 \times 10^{25} \text{ molec } CCl_4 \times \frac{1 \text{ mol } CCl_4}{6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ molec } CCl_4} =$$

$$91.3 \text{ mol } CCl_4$$

d.)  $4.25 \times 10^{12}$  molecules of  $Fe_2O_3$ 

$$4.25 \times 10^{12} \text{ molec } Fe_2O_3 \times \frac{1 \text{ mol } Fe_2O_3}{6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ molec } Fe_2O_3} =$$

$$7.06 \times 10^{-12} \text{ mol } Fe_2O_3$$

h.) 0.120 L of  $NO_2$  (g) at STP

$$0.120 \text{ L } NO_2 \times \frac{1 \text{ mol } NO_2}{22.4 \text{ L } NO_2} = 0.00536 \text{ mol } NO_2$$

7.) Calculate the volume of the following gases at STP.

a.) 0.235 mol of  $B_2H_6$  (g)

$$0.235 \text{ mol } B_2H_6 \times \frac{22.4 \text{ L } B_2H_6}{1 \text{ mol } B_2H_6} = 5.26 \text{ L } B_2H_6$$

b.) 9.36 mol of  $SiH_4$  (g)

$$2.10 \times 10^2 \text{ L } SiH_4$$

c.)  $2.5 \times 10^3$  mol of  $C_2H_6$  (g)

$$56000 \text{ L } C_2H_6$$

8.) Calculate the mass of each of the following.

a.) 0.125 mol of  $CO_2$  (g) at STP

$$0.125 \text{ mol } CO_2 \times \frac{44.01 \text{ g } CO_2}{1 \text{ mol } CO_2} = 5.50 \text{ g } CO_2$$

c.)  $6.54 \times 10^{-4}$  mol of HCN (g) at STP

$$6.54 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol } HCN \times \frac{27.01 \text{ g } HCN}{1 \text{ mol } HCN} = 0.0177 \text{ g } HCN$$

b.) 5.48 mol of  $FeCl_3$  (s)

$$5.48 \text{ mol } FeCl_3 \times \frac{162.2 \text{ g } FeCl_3}{1 \text{ mol } FeCl_3} = 889 \text{ g } FeCl_3$$

d.) 15.4 mol of  $Ni(OH)_2$  (g)

$$15.4 \text{ mol } Ni(OH)_2 \times \frac{92.69 \text{ g } Ni(OH)_2}{1 \text{ mol } Ni(OH)_2} = 1430 \text{ g } Ni(OH)_2$$

9.) Calculate the mass of 1 mole of each of the following.

a.)  $\text{Na}_2\text{B}_4\text{O}_7 \cdot 10\text{H}_2\text{O}$   $\frac{381.2 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ mol}}$

b.) My grandmother has a mass of 52 kg.  $\frac{52 \text{ kg}}{1 \text{ grandmother}} \times \frac{1000 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ kg}} \times \frac{6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ grandmother}}{1 \text{ mol}} = 3.1 \times 10^{28} \frac{\text{g}}{\text{mol}}$  or  $3.1 \times 10^{25} \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{mol}}$

c.) A bismuth atom having a mass of  $3.52 \times 10^{-22} \text{ g}$ .  $\frac{3.52 \times 10^{-22} \text{ g}}{1 \text{ atom}} \times \frac{6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ atoms}}{1 \text{ mol}} = 212 \text{ g}$

d.) An electron having a mass of  $9.1 \times 10^{-31} \text{ g}$ .  $\frac{9.1 \times 10^{-31} \text{ g}}{1 \text{ electron}} \times \frac{6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ electron}}{1 \text{ mol}} = 5.5 \times 10^{-7} \text{ g}$

e.)  $\text{Cu}_3(\text{OH})_2(\text{CO}_3)_2$   $\frac{344.5 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ mol}}$

f.) A book having a mass of 1.34 kg.  $\frac{1340 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ book}} \times \frac{6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ book}}{1 \text{ mol}} = 8.07 \times 10^{23} \text{ g}$

10.) An unknown gas sample contains only one of the compounds  $\text{SO}_3$ ,  $\text{CH}_4$ ,  $\text{NF}_3$ , or  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_2$ . If 1 molecule of the gas has a mass of  $1.18 \times 10^{-22} \text{ g}$ , which type of molecule is contained in the sample?

$$\frac{1.18 \times 10^{-22} \text{ g}}{1 \text{ molec}} \times \frac{6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ molec}}{1 \text{ mol}} = 71.06 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{mol}}$$

$$\text{SO}_3 = 80.06 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{mol}}$$

$$\text{CH}_4 = 16.04 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{mol}}$$

$$\text{NF}_3 = 71.00 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{mol}}$$

$$\text{C}_2\text{H}_2 = 26.02 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{mol}}$$

11a.) General Saunders "Kelowna Fried Chicken" features the Super Barrel, containing 2 moles of chickens (deep fried). How many drumsticks are contained in the Super Barrel?

$$2 \text{ mol chickens} \times \frac{6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ chickens}}{1 \text{ mol chickens}} \times \frac{2 \text{ drumsticks}}{1 \text{ chicken}} = 2.409 \times 10^{24} \text{ drumsticks}$$

b.) How many drumsticks, wings and thighs are in the super Barrel all together?

$$2 \text{ mol chickens} \times \frac{6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ chickens}}{1 \text{ mol chickens}} \times \frac{6 \text{ drum, wings and thighs}}{1 \text{ chicken}} = 7.226 \times 10^{24} \text{ all together}$$