## **Kinematics Review**

Solve the following problems using the principles and equations of kinematics.

1.) The average velocity of a min-bike is  $+15.0 \frac{km}{h}$ , how long will it take to go 35.0 m?

$$\vec{v}_{avg} = \frac{\Delta \vec{d}}{\Delta t}$$
 +4.16666 =  $\frac{35}{t}$  t = 8.4 s

2.) A sprinter starting from rest reaches a final velocity of  $+28.8 \frac{km}{h}$ . What is her average velocity?

- The average is  $\frac{+28.8+0}{2}$  = +14.4  $\frac{km}{h}$
- 3.) A coin is dropped and strikes the earth with a velocity of  $15.15\frac{m}{s}$ . For how long was it falling, and

what from what height did it fall?

- $\vec{v}_f = \vec{v}_o + \vec{a}t \qquad -15.15 = 0 + -9.81t \qquad t = 1.55 s$  $\vec{d} = \vec{v}_o t + \frac{1}{2}\vec{a}t^2 \qquad \vec{d} = 0 + (0.5)(-9.81)(1.564)^2 \qquad \vec{d} = -11.71 m$
- 4.) A rocket lifts off from Earth at  $+13.3 \frac{m}{s^2}$  from the launch pad, how high into the atmosphere does it

rise during the first five seconds of its path?

$$\vec{d} = \vec{v}_0 t + \frac{1}{2} \vec{a} t^2$$
  $\vec{d} = 0 + \frac{1}{2} (13.3) 5^2$   $\vec{d} = +166 \, m$ 

5.) A truck accelerates from rest to a velocity of  $+22.4 \frac{m}{s}$  at a rate of  $+0.60 \frac{m}{s^2}$ . How long was it

accelerating and how far did it travel while accelerating?

 $\vec{v}_{f} = \vec{v}_{o} + \vec{a}t \qquad 22.4 = 0 + (0.60)t \qquad t = 37.3 s$  $\vec{v}_{f}^{2} = \vec{v}_{o}^{2} + 2\vec{a}\vec{d} \qquad 22.4^{2} = 0 + 2(0.60)(\vec{d}) \qquad \vec{d} = +418 m$ 

6.) A car in a school zone accelerates from  $+85\frac{km}{h}$  to  $+120\frac{km}{h}$  in 9.2 s. What was its acceleration?

$$\vec{v}_f = \vec{v}_o + \vec{a}t$$
 33.333 = 23.6111111 +  $\vec{a}$ (9.2)  $\vec{a} = +1.06\frac{m}{c^2}$ 

7.) How long will it take for a rock to fall to the ground if dropped from a height of 92.0 m?

$$\vec{d} = \vec{v}_0 t + \frac{1}{2}\vec{a}t^2$$
 -92.0 = 0 +  $\frac{1}{2}(-9.81)t^2$   $t = 4.3 s$ 

## 8.) A rock is thrown down from a rail trestle with height 13.0 m at velocity $+18.8 \frac{m}{s}$ . With what velocity

will it strike the ground?

$$\vec{v}_f^2 = \vec{v}_o^2 + 2\vec{a}\vec{d}$$
  $\vec{v}_f^2 = -18.8^2 + 2(-9.81)(-13)$   $\vec{v}_f = +24.7\frac{m}{c}$ 

9.) A car travelling at  $90.0 \frac{km}{h}$  comes to a stop in 12.0 s, what was its acceleration?

$$\vec{a} = \frac{\Delta \vec{v}}{\Delta t}$$
  $\vec{a} = \frac{25}{12}$   $\vec{a} = -2.1 \frac{m}{s^2}$ 

10.) A car travelling at  $60.0 \frac{km}{h}$  accelerates to  $90.0 \frac{km}{h}$  at  $+2.03 \frac{m}{s^2}$ . How long does this take and how far

does the car travel in this time?

$$\vec{v}_f = \vec{v}_o + \vec{a}t$$
 +25 = +16.6666666 + 2.03t  $t = 4.11 s$   
 $\vec{v}_f^2 = \vec{v}_o^2 + 2\vec{a}\vec{d}$  25<sup>2</sup> = 16.6666<sup>2</sup> + 2(2.03)( $\vec{d}$ )  $\vec{d} = 85.5 m$ 

11.) A rock is dropped from a bridge and strikes the water below 24.0 s later. With what speed did it

strike the water and from what height was it dropped?

 $\vec{v}_{f} = \vec{v}_{o} + \vec{a}t \qquad \vec{v}_{f} = 0 + (-9.81)(24.0) \qquad \vec{v}_{f} = -235 \frac{m}{s}$  $\vec{d} = \vec{v}_{o}t + \frac{1}{2}\vec{a}t^{2} \qquad \vec{d} = 0 + \frac{1}{2}(-9.81)(24.0)^{2} \qquad \vec{d} = -2.82 \times 10^{3}m$ 

12.) A bullet is fired upward from a gun and reaches a maximum height of 2100 m. What is its velocity at the high point, what was its initial velocity, and how long was it **in the air**?

- high point velocity = 0

$$\vec{v}_{f}^{2} = \vec{v}_{o}^{2} + 2\vec{a}\vec{d} \qquad 0^{2} = \vec{v}_{o}^{2} + 2(-9.81)(2100) \qquad \vec{v}_{o} = +203\frac{m}{s}$$
$$\vec{v}_{f} = \vec{v}_{o} + \vec{a}t \qquad 0 = 203 + -9.81t \qquad t = 20.7 \ s \qquad t = 20.7 \ \times 2 = 41.4 \ s$$

13.) A cat is thrown upward from the edge of a building with velocity  $+2.0 \frac{m}{s}$ . If the cat then falls the

entire height of the building (30.0 m) with what velocity will it strike the ground?

$$\vec{v}_{f}^{2} = \vec{v}_{o}^{2} + 2\vec{a}\vec{d} \qquad 0 = 2^{2} + 2(-9.81)(\vec{d}) \qquad \vec{d} = 0.204 \, m$$
$$\vec{v}_{f}^{2} = \vec{v}_{o}^{2} + 2\vec{a}\vec{d} \qquad \vec{v}_{f}^{2} = 0 + 2(-9.81)(-30.204) \qquad \vec{v}_{f} = -24.3 \frac{m}{s}$$