

Joule's Law

1.) Your oven has a power rating of 5000 W.

a. How many kilowatts is this?

$$5000 \text{ W} \times \frac{1 \text{ kW}}{1000 \text{ W}} = \boxed{5 \text{ kW}}$$

b. If the oven is used for two hours to bake cookies, how many kilowatt-hours ($\text{kW} \cdot \text{h}$) are used?

$$5 \times 2 = \boxed{10 \text{ kW} \cdot \text{h}}$$

c. If your town charges \$0.15 per $\text{kW} \cdot \text{h}$, what is the cost to use the oven to bake the cookies?

$$10 \text{ kW} \cdot \text{h} \times \frac{\$0.15}{1 \text{ kW} \cdot \text{h}} = \boxed{\$1.50}$$

2.) You use a 1200 W hair dryer for ten minutes each day.

a. How many minutes do you use the hair dryer in a month? (Assume 30 days in the month.)

$$10 \times 30 = 300 \text{ min} \Rightarrow \boxed{300 \text{ min}} \times \frac{1 \text{ h}}{60 \text{ min}} = \boxed{5 \text{ hours}}$$

b. How many hours do you use the hair dryer in a month?

c. What is the power of the hair dryer in kilowatts?

$$1200 \text{ W} \times \frac{1 \text{ kW}}{1000 \text{ W}} = \boxed{1.2 \text{ kW}}$$

d. How many kilowatt-hours of electricity does the hair dryer use in a month?

$$1.2 \times 5 = \boxed{6 \text{ kW} \cdot \text{h}}$$

e. If your town charges \$0.15 per $\text{kW} \cdot \text{h}$, what is the cost to use the hair dryer for a month? ^{F.)} Given The power of the heater is 1500 W. The heater was used for three hours.

$$6 \times 0.15 = \$0.90$$

$$F.) \quad 1500 \text{ W} \times \frac{1 \text{ kW}}{1000 \text{ W}} = 1.5 \text{ kW}$$

$$1.5 \times 3 = 4.5 \text{ kW} \cdot \text{h}$$

$$4.5 \times 30 = 135 \text{ kW} \cdot \text{h} \times \$0.15 = \boxed{\$20.25}$$

3. Calculate the power rating of a home appliance (in kilowatts) that uses 8.0 A of current when plugged into a 110 V outlet.

$$P = VI \quad / \quad P = (8.0)(110) \quad / \quad P = 880 \text{ W}$$

$$880 \text{ W} \times \frac{1 \text{ Kw}}{1000 \text{ W}} = \boxed{0.88 \text{ Kw}}$$

4. Calculate the power of a motor that draws a current of 2.0 A when connected to a 12 V battery.

$$P = VI \quad / \quad P = 12 \times 2.0 \quad / \quad P = 24 \text{ W}$$

5. Your alarm clock is connected to a 110 V circuit and draws 0.50 A of current.

a. Calculate the power of the alarm clock in Watts.

$$P = VI \quad / \quad P = (110)(0.50) \quad / \quad P = 55 \text{ W}$$

b. Convert the power to kilowatts.

$$55 \text{ W} \times \frac{1 \text{ Kw}}{1000 \text{ W}} = 0.055 \text{ Kw}$$

c. Calculate the number of kilowatt · hours of electricity used by the alarm clock if it is left on for one year.

$$0.055 \text{ Kw} \cdot \text{h} \times 24 \text{ h} \times 365.25 \text{ day} = 482 \text{ Kw} \cdot \text{h}$$

d. Calculate the cost of using the alarm clock for one year if your town charges \$0.15 per kW · h.

$$\cancel{482 \text{ Kw} \cdot \text{h}} \times \frac{\$0.15}{\cancel{1 \text{ Kw} \cdot \text{h}}} = \$72.30$$